



Specimen Label

- For use in Organic production
- For use on growing crops
- Provides rapid knockdown & kill of listed plant pests
- Kills key livestock pests



For Organic Production

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Pyrethrins.....	5.00%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	95.00%
	100.00%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION • PRECAUCIÓN**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside for first aid and precautionary statements.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR, Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water), is:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, or Viton;
- Shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR, Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until vapors, mists, and aerosols have dispersed, and the treated area has been thoroughly ventilated.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

INDOOR AREAS for use in and around:

Greenhouses

OUTDOOR AREAS for use in and around:

Nurseries

FOR USE ON PRODUCTION OF:

Beefalo

Birds

Buffalo

Calves

Cattle – beef and milking

Chickens

Donkeys

Ducks

Elk

Emus

Exotics

Geese

Goats

Hogs

Horses

Lambs

Livestock

Llamas

Mules

Ostrich

Oxen

Pheasants

Ponies

Poultry

Pullets

Quail

Ratites

Roosters

Sheep

Swine

Turkeys

TO KILL THE FOLLOWING INSECTS:

Angoumois Grain Moths

Ants (excluding fire and Pharaoh ants)

Aphids

Apple Maggots

Armored Scales

Armyworms

Artichoke Plume Moths

Asian Citrus Psyllids

Asparagus Beetles

Bagworms

Bean Beetles

Beet Armyworms

Beetles

Bermudagrass Mirids

Billbugs

Blister Beetles

Blow Flies

Boll Weevils

Boxelder Bugs

Branch and Twig Borers

Cabbage Loopers

Cabbage Maggots

Cadelles

Cankerworms

Carrot Weevils

Caterpillars

Chalcids

Cheese Skippers

Cherry Fruit Flies

Cigarette Beetles

Clover Mites

Clover Weevils

Cockroaches

Codling Moths

Colorado Potato Beetles

Confused Flour Beetles

Corn Earworms

Crane Flies

Crickets

Cross-striped Cabbageworms

Cucumber Beetles

12-spotted Cucumber Beetles

Dark Mealworms

Darkling Beetles (lesser mealworms)

Diamondback Larvae and Moths

Driedfruit Beetles

Drugstore Beetles

Earwigs

Eastern Tent Caterpillars

Elm Leaf Beetles

Eriophyid Mites

European Pine Tip Moths

Fireworms

Flea Beetles

Fleas

Forest Tent Caterpillars

Fruit Flies

Fruittree Leafrollers

Fruitworms

Fungus Gnats

Garden Symphytan

Glassy-winged Sharpshooters

Gnats

Grain Mites

Grapeleaf Skeletonizers

Grape Leafhoppers

Grape Mealybugs

Grasshoppers

Greenbugs

Green Fruitworms

Green Peach Aphids

Greenhouse Thrips

Gypsy Moths (adults & larvae)

Harlequin Bugs

Heliothis spp.

Horn Flies

Hornworms

House Flies

Imported Cabbageworms

Indian Meal Moths

Japanese Beetles

Katydid

Lace Bugs

Leaffooted plant bugs

Leafhoppers

Leafminers

Leafrollers

Leaftiers

Loopers

Lygus

Maggots

Mealybugs

Mediterranean Flour Moths

Mexican Bean Beetles

Midges

Millipedes

Mites

Mole crickets

Moths

Mushroom Flies

Navel Orangeworms

Olive Fruit Flies

Onion Maggots

Orange Tortrix

Pacific flatheaded borers

Pear Psyllids

Pepper Weevils

Pink bollworms

Potato Leafhoppers

Potato Tuberworms

Poultry Lice

Proba bugs

Psyllids

Red Flour Beetles

Rice Weevils

Saltmarsh caterpillars

Sawtoothed Grain Beetles

Scales

Sharpshooters

Sheep "Tick" or Ked

Shore flies

Shothole borers

Silverfish

Skippers

Small Flying Moths

Soft Scales

Southern chinch bugs

Sowbugs

Spider Beetles

Springtails

Squash bugs

Stable Flies

Stink Bugs

Tarnished Plant Bugs

Thrips

Ticks

Tobacco Moths

Tomato budworms

Tomato bugs

Tomato Fruitworms

Tomato Hornworms

Tomato pinworms

Tomato Russet Mites

Tussock moths

Vine mealybugs

Vinegar Flies

Webworms

Weevils

Western Yellowstriped Armyworms

Whiteflies

Yellow Mealworms

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.
- Not for use in outdoor metered release devices.
- Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.
- Allow spray to dry before allowing adults, children or pets on treated areas.
- Do not wet plants to the point of runoff or drip.
- Do not apply more than 10 times per season.
- Do not reapply within 3 days except under extreme pest pressure.
- In case of extreme pest pressure, do not reapply within 24 hours.
- For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.
- Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems.
- Do not apply when food, feed, and/or water is present.
- Not for indoor use except in greenhouses.

PESTICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

PyGanic® Specialty contains a Group 3A insecticide. Insect biotypes with acquired resistance to Group 3A may eventually dominate the insect population if Group 3A insecticides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by PyGanic® Specialty or other Group 3A insecticides.

To delay insecticide resistance consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of PyGanic® Specialty or other Group 3A insecticides that have a similar target site of action, on the same insect species.
- Using tank mixtures or premixes with insecticides from a different target site of action Group as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use and have different sites of action.
- Basing insecticide use on a comprehensive IPM program.
- Monitoring treated insect population for loss of field efficacy.
- Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors, and/or manufacturer for insecticide resistance management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and resistance pest problems.

GENERAL USE DIRECTIONS:

IMPORTANT: It is recommended that the final spray mix be buffered to a pH of 5.5-7.0. Outside of this range pyrethrins can degrade and the product will lose effectiveness.

To avoid possible harm to honey bees and other beneficial insects, it is advisable to apply when the non-target insects are least active.

Pyrethrins degrade rapidly in sunlight. To ensure the best performance, coverage is key. Use spray equipment that will provide the best coverage and direct contact with as many insects as possible.

Kills only at time of application. Listed insect pests must be directly contacted to be effective.

TANK MIX: This product may be tank mixed with other insecticides, acaricides, fungicides, adjuvants, and wetting agents. This application should conform to accepted use precautions and directions for both products. Tank mix applications must be made in accordance with the more restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label application rates may be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product with label prohibitions against such mixing.

Prior to tank mixing, a compatibility test should be conducted using the proper proportions of products and water to ensure the physical compatibility of the mixture.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Plant safety is an important consideration when using insecticides in a greenhouse. However, it is not possible to evaluate the phytotoxicity of PyGanic® Specialty on numerous plant varieties that may react differently to insecticides in different growth stages or under varying environmental conditions. Before making widespread applications of PyGanic® Specialty or tank mix combinations, treat a limited number of plants and observe for phytotoxicity over a 10-day period.

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (CHEMIGATION):

Apply this product only through sprinkler (including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for the operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure valve, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must be a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of insecticide application. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of more dilute suspension per unit of time.

GROWING CROPS (IN GREENHOUSES AND NURSERIES):

Apply 4.5 to 17 fluid ounces per acre by ground equipment in sufficient water for thorough coverage. This product may be applied by air at the rate of 4.5 to 17 fluid ounces per acre in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre for field crops and in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre for orchard crops. Mix only enough for immediate use. Spraying should begin when insects first appear. Do not wait until plants are heavily infested. Repeat as needed but not more than once daily.

PyGanic® Specialty may be used on most crops because its active ingredient is exempt from tolerances when applied to growing crops. The crop-grouping scheme used on this label was devised by the Environmental Protection Agency to expedite minor use pesticide registration. Each crop grouping on this label contains the phrase "including, but not limited to," and then lists a number of crops in each group. This wording allows the use of PyGanic® Specialty on crops that may not be specifically listed on this label (providing that the group to which the crop belongs is listed).

MAXIMUM APPLICATION RATES:

Field and Orchard - 0.05 lbs. a.i. / acre or 17 fl. oz. of PyGanic® Specialty per acre.
0.0012 lb. a.i. / 1,000 sq. ft. Greenhouse space sprays - 0.0014 lbs. a.i. /acre.

ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES: Including: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Purple Arrowroot, Japanese Artichoke, Jerusalem Artichoke, Garden Beets, Sugar Beets, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrots, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Parsley (turnip rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Salsify, Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Yam (true), Yam Bean.

LEAVES OF ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES: Including: Garden Beet, Sugar Beet, Edible Burdock, Carrot, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chervil (Turnip Rooted), Chicory, Dasheen (Taro), Parsnip, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Black Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turnip, Yam (true).

BULB VEGETABLES: Including: Garlic, Great-headed Garlic, Leek, Onion (bulb and green) Welch, Shallot.

LEAFY VEGETABLES: Including: Amaranth (Leafy Amaranth, Chinese Spinach, Tampala), Arugula, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Corn Salad, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved), Chrysanthemum (garland), Cress (garden, water), Upland Cress (yellow rocket, winter cress), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Fennel (Florence), Lettuce (head and leafy), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden & winter), Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach, Fine Spinach (Malabar, Ceylon), Spinach (New Zealand), Swiss Chard.

BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES: Including: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Broccoli Raab (Rapini), Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Cauliflower, Cavallo broccoli, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens.

LEGUME VEGETABLES (SUCCULENT OR DRIED): Including: Adzuki Beans, Field Beans, Kidney Beans, Lima Beans, Moth Beans, Mung Beans, Navy Beans, Pinto Beans, Rice Beans, Runner Beans, Snap Beans, Tepary Beans, Urd Beans, Wax Beans, Asparagus Beans, Blackeyed Peas, Catjang, Chinese Long Beans, Cowpeas, Crowder Peas, Southern Peas, Yardlong Beans, Broad Beans, (Fava Beans), Chick Peas (Garbanzo Beans), Guar, Jack Beans (Sword Bean), Lablab Beans (Hyacinth Bean), Lentils, Peas (Garden Peas, Field Peas, Sugar Snap Peas, English Peas, Snow Peas), Pigeon Peas, Soybeans, Sweet Lupin Beans, White Lupin Beans, White Sweet Lupin, Sword Beans.

FOLIAGE OF LEGUME VEGETABLES: Including: Plant part of any legume vegetable included in the legume vegetable group that will be used as animal feed including any variety of Beans, Field Peas, Soybeans.

FRUITING VEGETABLES: Including: Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Okra, Pepinos, Peppers (Bell Peppers, Chili Peppers, Cooking Peppers, Pimentos, Sweet Peppers), Tomatillos, Tomatoes.

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES: Including: Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear (Bitter Melon), Chayote (fruit), Chinese Wax Gourd (Chinese preserving melon), Chinese Cucumber, Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible Gourds, Melons (including hybrids, Cantaloupe, Casaba, Golden Pershaw Melon, Crenshaw, Honeydew Melons, Honey Balls, Mango Melon, Muskmelon, Persian Melon, Pineapple Melon, Santa Claus Melon, Snake Melon), Pumpkin, Squash (summer & winter), Watermelon (including hybrids).

CITRUS FRUITS: Including: Calamondin, Citrus Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Mandarin (Tangerine), Orange (sweet & sour), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, (Citrus spp. Includes Chironja, Tangelos, Tangors).

POME FRUITS: Including: Apple, Crab Apple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, Quince.

STONE FRUITS: Including: Apricot, Cherry (sweet & sour), Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Prune, Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, Japanese Plum, Plumcot.

SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES: Including: Blackberry, Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Grape, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Olallieberry, Raspberry (black & red), Strawberry, Youngberry.

TREE NUTS: Including: Almond, Beech Nut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia Nut (Bush Nut), Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut, Black and English (Persian).

ORIENTAL VEGETABLES: Including: Acerola, Atemoya, Balsam pear (bitter melon), Carambola, Japanese Artichoke, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy, Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Chinese Longbeans, Mung Beans, Citron Melon, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Chinese Spinach, Chinese Waxgourd, Cilantro, Citron Melon, Rambutan, Water Chestnut.

SUBTROPICAL FRUITS: Including: Avocado, Banana, Carob, Barbados Cherry, Cherimoya, Dates, Durian (Jackfruit), Feijoa, Figs, Guava, Kiwifruit, Lychee, Mango, Papaya, Passion Fruit, Persimmon, Pineapple, Pomegranate.

CEREAL GRAINS: Including: Barley, Buckwheat, Corn (sweet and field), Millet, Proso, Oats, Pearl Millet, Popcorn, Rice, Rye, Sorghum (Milo), Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat, Wild Rice.

FORAGE, FODDER AND STRAW OF CEREAL GRAINS: Including: Barley, Buckwheat, Corn (sweet and field), Millet, Proso, Oats, Pearl, Popcorn, Rice, Rye, Sorghum (milo), Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat, Wild Rice.

GRASSES FOR SEED, FORAGE, FODDER AND HAY: Including: any grass (Gramineal family, green or cured, except sugarcane and those listed in the cereal grains group) Pasture and Range Grasses, Grasses grown for hay and silage, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Bromegrass, Fescue, Oat hay, Orchard Grass, Forage Sorghum, Sudan Grass, Timothy.

NON-GRASS ANIMAL FEEDS: Including: Alfalfa, Velvet Bean, Clover, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Lupine, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Crown Vetch, Milk Vetch.

HERBS AND SPICES: Including: Allspice, Angelica, Anise (anise seed), Star Anise, Annatto (seed), Balm (lemon balm), Basil, Borage, Burnet, Caper buds, Caraway, Black Caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chamomile, Chervil (dried), Chicory, Chive, Chinese Chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander (cilantro or Chinese parsley leaf), Coriander (cilantro seed), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dill weed), Dill (seed), Fennel (common), Florence Fennel (seed), Fenugreek, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf), Lovage (seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (includes sweet or annual marjoram, wild marjoram or oregano, and pot marjoram), Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Oregano, Mint, Paprika, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Black Pepper, White Pepper, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Summer and Winter Savory, Sweet bay (bay leaf), Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

ADDITIONAL CROPS: Including: Artichoke, Asparagus, Avocado, Coffee, Cotton, Hops, Jojoba, Mushroom, Okra, Olives, Peanuts, Pineapple, Rice, Safflowers, Sesame, Sugar Cane, Sunflower, Tea.

USE ON GREENHOUSE, ORNAMENTAL FLOWER AND FOLIAGE PLANTS: Combine 16 to 32 fluid ounces with 100 gallons of water for applications with conventional sprayers or 1/4 – 1/2 of a fluid ounce per gallon of water for applications with handheld or backpack sprayers. Apply the diluted product at the rate of 3 gallons / 1,000 sq. ft.

Do not exceed maximum application rate of .0036 lbs. a.i. / 1,000 sq. ft. or 1.18 fl. oz. of PyGanic® Specialty / 1,000 sq. ft.

Do not apply more than 1 time per day.

FOR USE IN VEGETABLE AND TRUCK GARDENS: For commercial production of listed crops to kill listed insects dilute 1/4 to 1/2 fl. oz. of PyGanic® Specialty per gallon of water. Apply diluted solution with all types of agricultural sprayers, including compressed air sprayers or pump driven sprayers.

FOR USE AS LIVESTOCK SPRAY:

Pest	Application Rates	Remarks
To kill horn flies, house flies, mosquitoes and gnats	Dilute at the rate of 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per gallon of water and apply to wet the hair thoroughly with particular attention to topline, underline, flanks, withers and other infested areas.	Repeat treatment at intervals of 5 to 12 days for small insect populations or as needed when flies are emerging in large numbers. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill stable flies, horse flies, and deer flies	Dilute at the rate of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces per gallon of water and apply a quart per adult animal to wet the hair thoroughly with particular attention to the legs, flanks, barrel, topline and other body areas commonly attacked by these flies.	Repeat treatment each week as needed. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill face flies	Dilute at the rate of 2.5 fluid ounces per gallon of water and apply using spray which produces large wetting droplets. Apply to the face of the animal in the morning before releasing to pasture. Apply sufficiently to wet the face but not more than 1.5 fluid ounces of diluted solution per animal.	Repeat daily as needed. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill biting and sucking lice on cattle, horses, sheep, goats and hogs	Dilute at the rate of 1 quart with 60 gallons of water [1.5 fluid ounces with 2 gallons] and spray to thoroughly wet the hair of the animal including the head and brush of the tail.	Repeat treatment in 10 days to kill newly hatched lice. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill sheep "tick" or ked	Dilute at the rate of 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per 4 gallons of water and thoroughly wet all portions of the body by dipping or by spraying with sufficient pressure and with a nozzle adjustment to give penetration of the wool.	Treat at a rate sufficient to wet the animal. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill fleas and ticks on livestock and to obtain protection against reinfestation	Dilute at the rate of 9 fluid ounces per gallon of water and wet the animal by dipping or spraying. This product may also be used for livestock quarters.	Do not spray pets. For best results against fleas and ticks animal quarters and bedding should be treated. Remove and destroy old bedding. To reduce infestation, thoroughly spray the animal's bedding and sleeping quarters. Put fresh bedding in quarters after spray has dried. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.

FOR USE AS POULTRY SPRAY:

Pest	Application Rates	Remarks
To kill poultry lice	Using a dilution of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces of concentrate per gallon of water spray roosts, walls and nests or cages thoroughly.	It is not necessary to remove poultry from the housing unit during treatment. This should be followed by spraying over the birds with a fine mist. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill mites on poultry and in poultry houses	Dilute at the rate of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces per gallon of water and spray crevices of roost poles, cracks in walls and cracks in nests where the Bed Bugs and mites hide.	This should be followed by spraying over the birds with a fine mist. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill adult darkling beetles (lesser mealworms)	Dilute 2 to 5 teaspoons of PyGanic® Specialty per gallon of water. Using a power or proportioner-type sprayer, apply a uniform spray until wet at pressures of 80 to 100 pounds per square inch to surfaces such as interior walls, roosting posts, structural support pillars, and other surfaces where adult beetles are observed. One gallon of spray mixture covers 250 – 500 sq. ft.	For maximum effectiveness, treatments should coincide with poultry house clean out and litter replacement as this activity will tend to flush beetles to vertical surfaces where they will be exposed to the spray. Indoor control can be enhanced by making perimeter treatments around the outside of buildings. To prevent immigrating adult beetles, apply a uniform band of spray 2 feet up and 1-4 feet out from the foundation. Do not contaminate food/feed or water. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.

FOR USE ON PRODUCTION ANIMALS IN BARN, DAIRIES, MILKING PARLORS, MILKING ROOMS AND POULTRY HOUSES:

Product must be formulated to deliver no more than this maximum rate when used according to directions: Surface application 0.0056 lbs. a.i. / 1,000 sq. ft. or 18 fl. oz. of PyGanic® Specialty / 1,000 sq. ft. Crack/crevice or spot surface – 0.056 lbs. a.i. / 1,000 sq. ft. or 18 fl. oz. of PyGanic® Specialty / 100 sq. ft.

Space sprays when non-domestic animals are absent – 0.0033 lbs. a.i. / 1,000 cubic feet of space or 1 fl. oz. of PyGanic® Specialty / 1,000 cubic feet of space.

Space sprays when non-domestic animals are present 0.0008 lb. a.i. / 1,000 cubic feet of space or 0.26 fl. oz. of PyGanic® Specialty / 1,000 cubic feet of space.

To kill the following flying insects: Fruit Flies, Gnats and Small Flying Moths, dilute at the rate of 2.5 fluid ounces per gallon of water. Apply as a fog or fine mist (at approximately 2 fluid ounces per 1,000 cubic feet of space, directing the nozzle for maximum coverage and above livestock and poultry toward the ceiling and upper corners of the area being treated. For best results, close doors and windows before spraying, and keep them closed for 10 to 15 minutes. Applicator should vacate the treated area and ventilate it prior to returning. Sweep up and destroy fallen insects.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN COMMERCIAL ANIMAL PREMISE AUTOMATIC MISTING SYSTEMS:

When using this product, installers and service technicians must comply with the license certification, or registration requirements of the state(s), tribe(s) or local authority(ies) where they are installed.

Do not apply when food, feed, and/or water is present.

When applying via a remote activation device, do not apply when people and pets are present. If possible, when applying via automatic timer, set the timing for application when people and pets are unlikely to be present.

Direct nozzles to spray towards the target area and away from areas where people are typically present. Do not use in an evaporative cooling system. Do not use in misters located within 3 feet of air vents, air conditioner units or windows.

If used in a system with a reservoir tank for the end use dilution, the system reservoir tank must be locked. Securely attach the end use pesticide label and a dilution statement to the system reservoir tank in a weather protected area or plastic sleeve. The dilution statement must be phrased as follows: this container holds ___ parts PyGanic® Specialty to ___ parts water.

This product must only be used in systems that have been calibrated to apply no more than the maximum application rate of .0008 lbs. a.i. / 1,000 cubic feet space sprays when non-domestic animals are present.

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-888-740-8712 for emergency medical treatment information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear the following: long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes and socks, and chemical-resistant gloves.

In addition to the above PPE, applicators using handheld foggers in an enclosed area must wear a half-face, full-face, or hood-style NIOSH-approved respirator with:

- a dust/mist filtering cartridge (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C), or
- a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or
- a cartridge or canister with any R, P or HE filter.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

When handlers use aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. This product may contaminate water through runoff. This product has a potential for runoff for several weeks after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

[For containers with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons]: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Pressure rinse as follows [for containers greater than 5 gallons too large to shake]: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.



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